LESSON 1: FOODstuff!

LESSON 2: TEEN Voice!

LESSON 3: The four corners of the Earth!

UNIT 6 Bits and pieces!



Lu Unit Gyou Will...

READ

- an article about food and teens diet
- a webpage about fashion
- an article from a travel guide about Dubai

PRACTISE COLLOCATIONS & VOCABULARY RELATED TO

- food and snacks
- clothes and accessories
- geographical features
- numbers
- collocations

PRACTISE THE USE OF

- countable/uncountable nouns
- a lot of/(how) much/(how) many
- should/shouldn't
- plural nouns
- comparative & superlative
- The/Zero article

WRITE

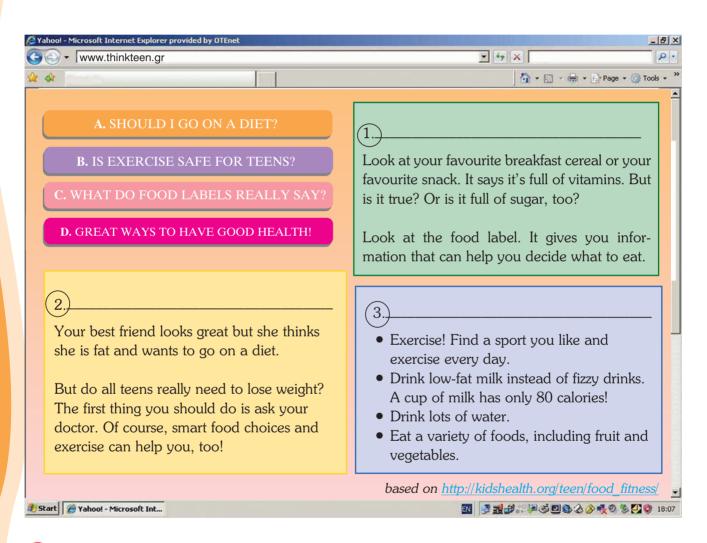
- healthy diet rules
- descriptions of people's appearances
- a brochure for a tourist information office



FOOD FOR THOUGHT

Task 37 - p.133

Read the article from a teens webpage and match the extracts (1-3) with the $A \rightarrow A$ headings (A-D). There's an extra heading you don't need to use.

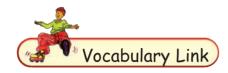


Read the texts again and find...



1. ...two drinks that are good for you. 2. ... one thing you should do before you go on a diet. 3. ...two things your favourite snack can have. 4. ...two things that can help you look great.

FOODstuff!



(Food and Snacks

3

Here are the names of some food and drinks with the letters mixed up. What are they? Write the words (1-8) and then match them with the pictures (a-h).

















 1. emat

 2. rugoyth

 3. natu

 4. ladas

 5. keco

 6. ereb

 7. kilm

 8. cubissit

4 Complete the gaps with the phrases from the box.



	a slice of	a carton of	a packet of	a can of	a bottle of	
ĺ	1	chips				
			or		milk	
		bread				
	4		or		coke	
	5	ham				
	6	biscuits				
	7	yoghurt				
	8	water				

Collocations

5

Find the correct collocations and delete the odd one out.



- 1. I usually have ... food.
 - a. home made b. fizzy
- c. healthy
- 2. There's a lot of fat and sugar in your
 - a. salad
- b. diet
- c. meals

- 3. I don't like ... sandwiches.
 - a. cheese
- b. ham
- c. toast
- 4. Your eating ... are very healthy.
 - a. snacks
- b. habits
- c. meals
- 5. Would you like a slice of ...?
 - a. cake
- b. pizza
- c. cereal



Grammar Link

Countable/Uncountable nouns

A lot of/much/many/how much/how many



Complete the rules (1-3) with 'a lot of, many, much'. Then match them with the examples (a-c).

- 1. We use '.....' in affirmative sentences. e.g. ...
- 2. We use '.....' with countable nouns in negative and interrogative sentences. e.g. ...
- 3. We use '.....' with uncountable nouns in negative and interrogative sentences. e.g. ...
- a. I don't eat many vegetables.
- b. There are a lot of eggs in the fridge.
- c. Do you drink much coke?



Put ticks in the right columns. Then complete the questions and the answers.

Task 38 - p.1133

	a lot of	much	many
oranges	✓		✓
water			
eggs			
yoghurt			
pies			
orange juice			

FOODstuff!

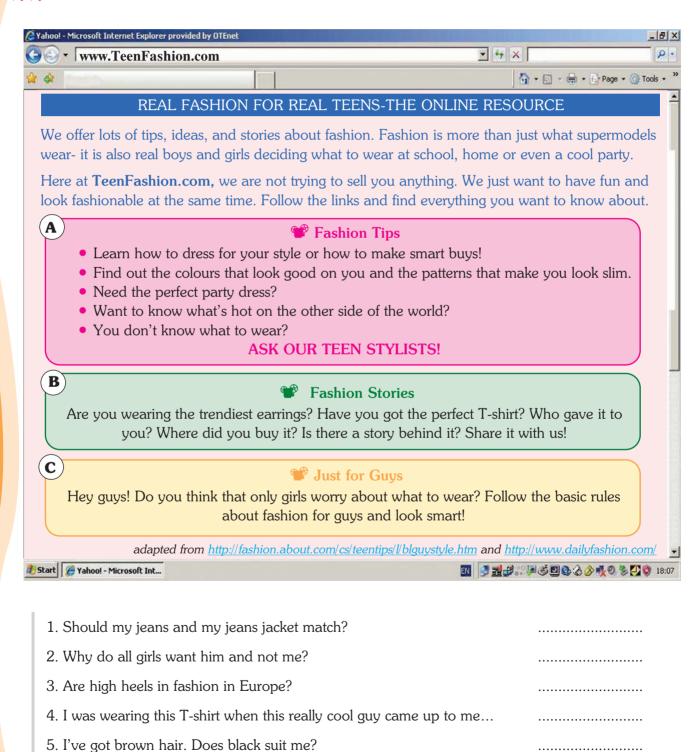
1. How oranges do you eat every day? I don't eat
2. Do you drinkwater with your meals? Yes, I drinkwater.
3. Jenny doesn't eat eggs. She doesn't like them very much.
4. How yoghurt is there in the carton? Sorry! There isn't
5. There's of orange juice left. Please have another glass!
ving Advice-should/shouldn't
Look at the pictures and complete the 'Healthy Diet' Rules. Use should/shouldn't.
We should eat 2. 4.
Writing S. Writing
) Write 'HEALTHY DIET' rules for your school canteen.
➤ We should buy
➤ Our school canteen should sell
>

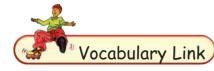


TEEN FASHION

Read the information from www.TeenFashion.com and match the links (A-C) with the sentences (1-5).

Task 39 - p.134





Match the opposites 1-6 with a-f.

Task 40 - p.135



- 1. same
- ≠.....
- a. cheap

- 2. comfortable
- ≠..... b. unlucky
- 3. expensive
- c. uncomfortable ≠.....
- 4. lucky
- ≠.....
- d. old-fashioned

- 5. love
- ≠.....
- e. hate

- 6. trendy
- ≠.....
- f. different

Collocations



Use words from task 2 to complete the sentences.

Task 41 - p.135



- 1. My best friend, Nicole, and I have the interests.
- 2. You are to have such a nice brother.
- 3. I don't like people taking photos of me. It makes me feel
- 4. I wearing a school uniform. I prefer jeans.
- 5. Do you know this new Internet café at the square? It's very All high school kids go there!

Clothes & accessories



Write the correct word under the pictures 1-10.



sweater shirt skirt suit trainers belt high heels leggings trousers coat











2.

3.











7.

8. 9. 10.

5 Choose the right word to complete the sentences.

Task 43 - p.136



- 1. Most of my *classmates/teenagers* are 13 years old but I am 12.
- 2. We are going to a wedding reception and I'm going to wear a *suit/costume*.
- 3. We are having PE today. I must wear my uniform/tracksuit.
- 4. Are the *costumes/uniforms* for the school play ready?
- 5. It's cold today. Where's my cap/coat?



Grammar Link

Plural Nouns

6 Look at task 4 and write the clothes in the right group.

 *

SINGULAR	PLURAL
shirt	trousers

Comparative

7 Match the examples (a-c) with the spelling rules (1-3).

 $\frac{1}{2}$

Adjectives ending in...

consonant-vowel-consonant

consonant + yconsonant + e

in comparative...

- 1. double the final consonant and take -er e.g.
- 2. take -ier e.g.
- 3. take -r e.g.

Examples

- a. trendy ⇒ trend...
- c. fat ⇒ fat....

TEEN Voice!

8 Complete the table.

SHORT AD	DJECTIVES	LONGER A	DJECTIVES	IRREGULAR ADJECTIVES		
tall	tall taller than		more fashionable than	bad	worse than	
lucky	lucky		more comfortable than	good		
cheap		expensive				
	nicer than	practical				
trendy	trendy		more modern than			
	easier than	important				

9	

a. Complete the sentences. Use the positive or the comparative forms of the adjectives in brackets.

Task 44 - p.136

e.g.	The blue	T-shirt	looks	trendier	(trendy)	than	the red	one.
------	----------	---------	-------	----------	----------	------	---------	------

- 1. My uniform is (nice) than yours.
- 2. John is very (lucky). He doesn't wear a uniform at school.
- 3. This tie looks (modern) than the one you were wearing at my party.
- 4. Her trainers look really (comfortable).
- 5. Mike is (bad) at maths than Jerry.

b. Now complete the rules.

- a. In sentence number 1 above, we compare two / more than two things.
- b. One and two-syllable adjectives take the ending in comparative form.
- c. We use '.........' with longer adjectives, like 'comfortable'. (sentence number 4)
- d. The irregular comparative form of 'bad' is (sentence number 5)

TEEN Voice!



Appearances



Find four pictures of fashion models from magazines and cut them out. Choose TWO of these pictures and write a short paragraph.

- Describe what the models are wearing
- Compare the clothes these models are wearing.
- Bring all four pictures in class and ask your partner to read your paragraph and find the correct pictures.



Welcome to the desert's most exciting city!

Read the article from a travel guide about Dubai and put the headings in the right place A-C. There is an extra heading you don't need to use.

_ B X



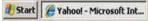


C.

- Visit the **Dubai Museum**. A multimedia exhibition tells the story of Dubai from the earliest times to the present day.
- Visit the **Dubai Zoo**. It is the oldest zoo in the Arabian Peninsula.
- See the Burj al-Arab ("Tower of the Arabs"). It is a luxury hotel that looks like a sail. It is the tallest hotel in the world and stands in the sea on an artificial island 280 metres away from the beach.

It has wonderful beaches but it is not Australia; it is one of the world's safest places to go but it is not Singapore; it has luxurious city hotels but it is not Jakarta or Bali. It has first-class shopping but it is not Hong Kong.

Dubai is the second largest of the seven United Arab Emirates (UAE) and one of the most important international cities of the 21st century. It is set between Europe and Asia. 60 years ago Dubai was a small fishing village and now it is a modern city of skyscrapers, shopping centres, parks and superhighways.



http://www.datadubai.com/about.htm

http://www.dubaicityguide.com/tourism/sightseeing.asp

國 > 20 18:07 18:07



Read the text again and underline the answers to the questions in the text.

- 1. Where is Dubai? Can you find it on the map in the student's book appendix (page 142)?
- 2. What was Dubai 60 years ago?
- 3. Which sport is strange to find in Dubai?
- 4. What is the Burj al-Arab?

based on http://www.aidan.co.uk/article_dubai_information.htm





Vocabulary Link

Geographical Features

3 Match the places (1-10) with the geographical features (a-j).

**

1. Europe is ... a. a country 2. Sweden is ... b. a river 3. The Kalahari is ... c. an island 4. Olympus is ... d. a waterfall 5. The Himalayas are ... e. a continent 6. The Thames is ... f. a mountain range 7. Sardinia is ... g. a sea 8. The Pacific is ... h. a desert 9. Niagara is ... i. an ocean

Numbers

4

Write the numbers. Then you can write your own numbers in your notebook and ask your partner to read them aloud.

10. The Caspian is ...

Task 46 - p.138

1. Thirteen thousand, six hundred and seventeen
2. Nine hundred and five
3. Two hundred and eighty-three
4. Four thousand, two hundred and thirteen
5. Fifty-two thousand, nine hundred and two

j. a mountain



Grammar Link

Superlative

a. Match the examples (a-d) with the spelling rules (1-4).

W.

Adjectives ending in...

consonant-vowel-consonant

consonant + y

consonant + e

Longer adjectives

in comparative...

- 1. double the final consonant and take -est e.g
- 2. take -iest e.g
- 3. take -st e.g.
- 4. take '.....' before the adjective e.g.

Examples

- a. salty ⇒ salt
- b. large ⇒ larg
- c. interesting ⇒..... interesting
- d. wet ⇒ wet

The four corners of the Earth!

b. Now use the words in the box to complete the rules.

	best	in the world	'the'	more than two
In superlativ	<i>Je</i>			
a. we comp	are	things.		
b. we use th	ne article	bet	fore adjectives	
c. we often	use phrases l	ike		at the end of the sentence.
d. the adjec	tive 'good' b	ecomes		

6 Use the superlative form of the adjectives to complete the sentences 1-8.

Task 47 - p.138



- 1. The Sahara is (large) desert in the world.
- 2. The Himalayas are (long) mountain range in the world.
- 3. The Mariana Trench is(deep) spot in the Pacific Ocean.
- 4. Mount Everest is (high) mountain in the world.
- 5. England is one of (wet) countries in Europe.
- 6. Nevrokopi is (cold) village in Greece.
- 7. Bishop Rock is (small) island in the world.
- 8. People say that you can see (beautiful) sunset from Santorini.

7 Choose the right word to complete the sentences.



- 1. Oceania is than Europe.
 - a. small b. smaller c. smallest
- 2. Sudan is the country in Africa.
 - a. large b. larger
- b. larger c. largest
- 3. The Nile is the river in the world.
 - a. long b. long
 - b. longest c. longer
- 4. There are islands in the Pacific Ocean than in the Atlantic.
 - a. many
- b. more
- c. most
- 5. How is the Dead Sea?
 - a. deep
- b. deeper
- c. deepest
- 6. Lake Tahoe is one of the lakes in the USA.
 - a. most beautiful b. beautiful
- c. more beautiful
- 7. The Blue Team's project wasproject in class.
 - a. better
- b. better than
- c. the best

- 8. Where's lake?
 - a. lower than
- b. lowest
- c. the lowest

The/	Zero	Articl	e

(8) Use the u	ords in th	he box to	make rules	in the	columns	below
٠,	$\overline{}$,						

We use the with: a		countries ntain ranges	rivers mounta	streets ains	oceans islands	se cities		lakes ups of co	desert ountries
b		We use <i>t</i>	he with:		We use zer	o article	with:		
c		a		••	g				
d		b			h				
e		C			i				
f		d			j				
Study the rules and complete the sentences with 'the' or '-' article. 1. Is Mediterranean Sea betweenGreece and Egypt? 2. We visited United States last summer. 3. There are lots of shops in Oxford street. 4 Thames flows through London. 5 Everest is the highest mountain in the world. Writing Chure Look at the Geography Project by the Blue Team in your student's book at the Geography facts about Greece in your geography book and many controls.					k		•		
1. Is Mediterranean Sea between Greece and Egypt? 2. We visited United States last summer. 3. There are lots of shops in Oxford street. 4 Thames flows through London. 5 Everest is the highest mountain in the world. Writing Cochure Cook at the Geography Project by the Blue Team in your student's book. S. Find interesting facts about Greece in your geography book and many student of the state of th		f			1				
chure Look at the Geography Project by the Blue Team in your student's book 25. Find interesting facts about Greece in your geography book and ma		le visited	Uni	ted States	last summer.		-gypt:	?	
services of the services of th	3. Tl	le visited here are lots o	Uniof shops in es flows th	ted States	last summer. Oxford streetLondo	on.	-gypt:	<i>?</i>	
	3. The second of	t the Geogra	Uniof shops in es flows the high aphy Prong facts a	rough rest mour	s last summer. Oxford street Londo Itain in the wo	on. orld. um in year geogre	our sa	tudent's book a	nd mak
	3. The second of	t the Geogra	Uniof shops in es flows the high aphy Prong facts a	rough rest mour	s last summer. Oxford street Londo Itain in the wo	on. orld. um in year geogre	our sa	tudent's book a	nd mak
	3. The second of	t the Geogra	Uniof shops in es flows the high aphy Prong facts a	rough rest mour	s last summer. Oxford street Londo Itain in the wo	on. orld. um in year geogre	our sa	tudent's book a	nd mak

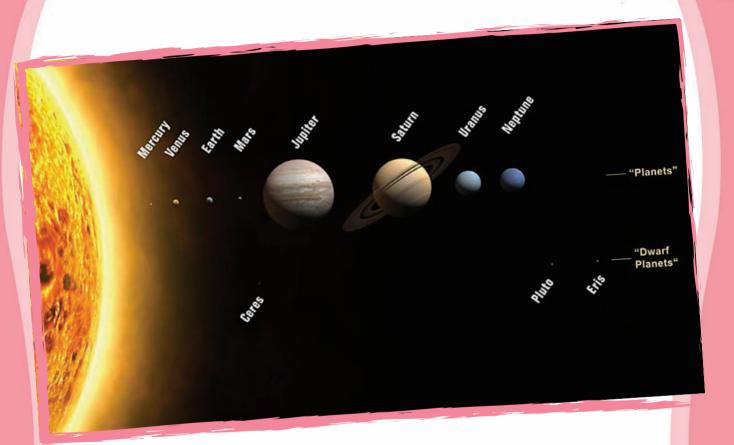
LESSON 1: Let's communic8!

LESSON 2: Houston, we're back!

LESSON 3: TEEN best-sellers!

UNIT 7

In our mind's eye!



Lu Unit 7 you will...

READ

- a magazine article about emoticons
- a quiz about our solar system
- a blurb of a book

PRACTISE COLLOCATIONS & VOCABULARY RELATED TO

- communication
- famous people
- space
- books

PRACTISE THE USE OF

- Past Simple of the verb 'to be'
- Past Simple of regular verbs
- Past Simple of irregular verbs

WRITE

- a report presenting similarities and differences between primary school & junior high school
- a story about a mission to space
- an e-mail about what you did yesterday



Emoticons

1	Read the magazine article and write True (T) or False (F) next to sentences 1-5.	Task 48 - p.138-9
	1. Sending a text message is expensive.	
	2. When we see our friend we can understand how s/he feels.	
	3. Emoticons are not pictures.	
	4. Emoticons are made out of letters, numbers and punctuation marks	
	5. Emoticons are easy to read over if it's the first time you see them	

EmoticonsIII

TEENnewspaper

Do you use your mobile to send text messages? Do you know when your friends are happy or sad?

"Talking" through messages is really cool. It's fast and cheap. But, can we understand how a person we cannot see really feels? Can we show feelings in our messages?

The solution is "emoticons"! ... "Emoticons" is a new word made up of two other words, emotions, that is feelings, and icons. Emoticons are little face-pictures made out of letters, numbers, or

punctuation marks from our computer or mobile keyboard. So why are they good? Because they let people know how we feel without saying "I am happy" or "I am bored".

It's a bit difficult at the beginning but once you get used to this code, you'll see that emoticons are a fun way to get your message across! ...

Can you match these emoticons with their meanings?

- 1. :-)
 2. ;-)
 3. :-D
 4. :-/
 5. :-(
- 5. :-(6. >:-(7. :-[8. :-C 9. :'-(

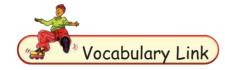
10. :-X

- a. I'm scared!
- b. I'm laughing. This is very funny!
- c. Sad
- d. Really disappointed.
- e. Happy!
- f. I'm crying.
- g. Joking!
- h. Not sure about this.
- i. My lips are sealed! I won't tell anybody, I promise!
- j. Angry!

1. 62. 93. 64. h5. c6. j7. a8. d9. f10. i

adapted from http://www.chirpingbird.com/netpets/html/computer/emoticon.html

Let's communic8!



2

Delete the odd one out.



e.g.	letter	e-mail	phone
	1. inventor	blind	deaf
	2. airport	public place	bank
	3. bright	disabled	clever
	4. cell	hyphen	comma
	5. writer	poet	queen
	6. emperor	actor	president

3 Match the words 1-6 with their definitions a-f.

**

1. code	 a. make something new
2. language	 b. put your hand on something
3. invent	 c. a piece of plastic, metal etc. with information for people
4. touch	 d. we make or repair things there
5. workshop	 e. the words we use to speak or write
6. sign	 f. a system of symbols

Collocations



Use the words in the box to complete sentences 1-10.

Task 49 - p.139



code	languages	invented	touch	workshop
sign	blind	queen	scientists	poet

- 1. are working hard to find a cure for cancer.
- 2. Dennis can the ceiling. He is very tall.
- 3. Luis Braille a code for the blind.
- 4. Seferis is my favourite
- 5. She was in her right eye after a car accident.
- 6. They are using a secret to communicate.
- 7. Elizabeth turned 80 last week.
- 8. What can you speak?
- 9. Where's Tim? He's helping his dad at the
- 1 0. You can't feed the animals in the zoo. There was a at the entrance.



Grammar Link

Past Simple of the verb 'to be'

5

Complete the tables.

*

Affirmative	Neg	ative
I was	Full Form	Short Form
You were	I <i>was</i> not	I wasn't
He/She/It	You	You
	He/She/It	
We/You/They	We/You/They	We/You/They
	/	
T		

Interrogative
 IS

...... you?

Was he/she/it?

..... we/you/they?

C1	Answers
Short	Answers

Yes, you were./ No, you weren't.

Yes, I was./....

•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

(6	How much do you remember from your student's book? Write true sentences
١	. •	\mathbf{j}



Homer		an inventor.
Elvis Presley and John Lennon		a queen.
Cleopatra	was	singers.
Marcus Aurelius	were	actresses.
Aliki Vougiouklaki and Marilyn Monroe		a poet.
Edison		an emperor.

1. F	Homer was a
5 6	

7
√

Write true sentences using There was/There wasn't/There were/There weren't.

$\frac{1}{2}$	
~	

- e.q. There were some black clouds in the sky this morning.
- 1. There an adventure film on TV last night.
- 2. There 10 students in the classroom yesterday.
- 3. There five CDs in my school bag two hours ago.
- 4. There a magazine on my desk ten minutes ago.
- 5. There a skateboard under my bed this morning.



Write questions.



e.q. Where was Tina last Saturday?

Tina was at the school party last Saturday.

1.	When	 	

Mum was very tired yesterday.

2. How many

There were two documentaries on TV last night.

3. Why

Jim was in hospital last week because he was ill.

4. How old

Andrew was five years old in 2006.



A report



Was the primary school you went to different from the Junior High School you go to now? Write a report to present similarities and differences between the two schools.

- Organise your ideas under headings.
- Think of similarities and differences in the buildings, the teachers, the school subjects.
- Use (there) was / (there) were.
- Which one do you prefer? Why?

Lesson 1 Let's communic8!

e.g. Thejunior high school I go to now is similar to/difj	ferent from the primary school I went to the
previous years.	
THE BUILDING	

There were two classrooms at my primary school. There wasn't a basketball court.

PRIMARY SCHOOL OR JUNIOR HIGH?



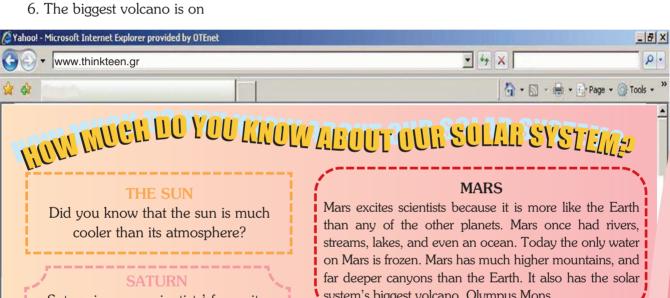
How much do you know about our solar system?

1

Do the solar system quiz. Then read the texts and check your answers.



- 1.has got many rings.
- 2. If you lived on, you'd be very rich.
- 3. No spacecraft has ever visited
- 4. On you can die both of heat and of cold.
- 5. The atmosphere of the is hotter than its surface.



Saturn is many scientists' favourite planet. Its beautiful rings are 169,800 miles wide.

Saturn has more moons than any other planet.

NEPTUNE

For many centuries people did not know that this planet existed. It was discovered by Johann Galle and Heinrich D' Arrest in 1846.

Pluto is so small that many scientists don't think it is a planet at all. It is the only planet that has never been visited by a spacecraft. That's why we know very little about it.

system's biggest volcano, Olympus Mons.

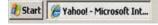
MERCURY

Mercury is a world of extremes. Because it is so close to the sun a visitor could easily cook to death. However, because it turns round so slowly it gets very cold in the night time, which means a visitor could also freeze to death.

URANUS

Uranus is a very strange planet. Scientists think Uranus has a huge water ocean under its clouds. It has a large rocky core, and it could contain trillions of large diamonds.

> For more information about our solar system, visit http://www.kidsastronomy.com







Vocabulary Link

2

Read the clues and do the crossword puzzle.

*	☆

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													

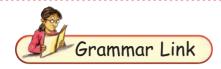
ACROSS ⇒	DOWN &
1. Neil Armstrong was an	
3. I need a to climb up this high wall.	2. The astronaut put on his and he was
4. Collins was the first woman of NASA.	ready to board the spacecraft.
5. Bali is a very popular holiday	12. There are nine lines on the Greek, five
6. There are nine in our solar system.	blue and four white ones.
7. The 'Eagle' was Armstrong's module.	13. All members of the helped the
8. What's James Bond's next?	passengers put on their life jackets.
9. We've got two more minutes before	



Look at task 1. Which planets is there information about? Which ones are missing? Write the English and the Greek names for all the planets.

English	Greek
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	

Houston, we're back!



(Past Simple - Regular verbs)

4

Complete the tables.

*

Affirmative

I/You/He/She/It/We/They landed on the moon.

Negative

Full Form	Short Form
I/You/He/She/It	I/You/He/She/It
We/They not land	We/They didn't
on th	e moon.

Interrogative

Did I/you/he/she/it/we/theyon Mars?

Short Answers

Yes, I/you/he/she/it/we/they
No, I/you/he/she/it/we/they

5 Complete the sentences.

 2

- 1. We use Past Simple to talk about actions that happened in the ...
 - a. present
- b. past
- 2. <u>Regular verbs</u> in Past Simple end in <u>-ed</u> e.g. I land ⇒ <u>I</u>.....
- 3. Verbs ending in *consonant-e* take -d e.g. They change ⇒ *They*
- 4. Verbs ending in consonant-vowel-consonant double the final consonant e.g. I stop $\Rightarrow I$
- 5. Verbs ending in $\underline{consonant + y}$ take -ied e.g. We try hard $\Rightarrow \underline{\textit{We}}$.

BUT He stays ⇒ He.....

6. In interrogative and negative form we use did e.g.you visit your grandparents at weekends? Yes, I did./ No, I didn't.

BE CAREFUL!

7. We use was/were in interrogative and negative sentences with <u>the verb 'to be</u>'. e.g.you at school an hour ago? No, I

(6)

Write the verbs in the Past Simple in the correct column.



study	cook	travel	stop	walk	carry
climb	collect	stay	plant	invent	believe
plan	play	like	tidy	love	

consonant + -ed	-e + -d ⇒ -ed	double consonant-ed	consonant + y ⇒ -ied
cook ➪ cooked		stop ⇒ stopped	study-studied
		, , , ,	
			vowel + y ➡ -ed

Lesson 2 Houston, we're back!

7	Write questions. Then ask your partner answers.	these questions and write down his/her
	e.g. You/walk/to school/yesterday? ✓ Did you walk to school yesterday? Yes, I did.	3. you/ visit/ Paris/ last year?
	1. your brother/ watch TV/ last night?	4. your friend/ study hard for the test?
	2. your mum/plant a flower/this morning?	5. granny/ be/ at church/ on Sunday?
8	Look at page 98 of your student's book e.g. Neil Armstrong walked on Mars. Neil Armstrong didn't walk on Mars. He	
	1. The trip to the moon was easy.	4. The two astronauts stayed about four hours on the moon.
	2. There were three more astronauts with Armstrong.	5. They planted flowers.
	3. Armstrong opened the window.	6. On July 24th the crew landed in the Atlantic Ocean.
(S)	Writing	
9 ☆☆	nission to space Use the information from the speaking and write a story for a web competition	task on page 102 in your student's book called 'A mission to space'.
	'A mission	-
	You won't believe it! Last I was on a mi other astronauts were my friends, We	ssion to space. I was the commander and the

Lesson 3 TEEN best-sellers!



My favourite book



Read the text and answer the questions.

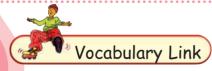




www.penguin.com

- 1. Where would you find this text?

 a. on the front cover of a book
- b. on the back cover of a book
- c. in the book
- 2. The title of the book is
- a. the GREAT ESCAPE
- b. 3 Problems
- c. STUFF
- 3. ... has got a big brother.
 - a. His girlfriend
 - b. His dad
 - c. His dad's girlfriend
- 4. The fourteen-year-old boy is
- a. happy
- b. unhappy
- c. scared



Match words 1-10 with their definitions a-j.

1.	success	 a.	writer
2.	reader	 b.	the events in a novel or film
3.	author	 c.	a person who reads a book, a newspaper etc.
4.	notebook	 d.	a person in a book or a story
5.	advert	 e.	something great you do
6.	publisher	 f.	it tells you about a job in the newspaper
7.	scared	 g.	a small book we keep notes in
8.	diary	 h.	frightened
9.	character	 i.	a book you write down what you do every day
10.	plot	 j.	s/he prepares books for sale

(Collocations)

Choose the right word to fill in the gaps.

Task 50 - p.14

 *

7	1 1		1 7 • 1	•	- 11
1	120111 <i>0</i> 1	1n <i>o</i> W	V/IISAn	1S A	author.
4	 acquei	IIIC V	4 113 C 1 1	10 U	 uulliol.

a. talented

b. strange

c. detective

2. I always told ... to my teddies.

a. books

b. stories

c. diaries

3. Have you got this book in ...?

a. best-seller b. plot

c. paperback

4. I like reading books of different

a. adventures b. novels

c. kinds

5. My dad works as a(n) He prepares books for the bookshops.

a. writer

b. publisher

c. author

6. Can you see the title of the book on the ...?

a. plot

b. cover

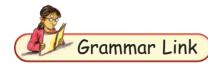
c. character

7. The main ... in the film is a poor orphan.

a. character b. author

c. publisher

TEEN best-sellers!



(Past Simple - Irregular Verbs

4

Complete the tables.

 $\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$

 $I/You/He/She/It/We/They\ told\ stories.$

N	eg	at	iτ	e
_ 4	~3	ULL		_

3	
Full Form	Short Form
I/You/He/She/It	I/You/He/She/It
We/They not tell stories.	We/They didn't stories.

Interrogative

Did I/you/he/she/it/we/they stories?

No, I/you/he/she/it/we/they

Short Answers

Yes, I/you/he/she/it/we/they

5 Con

Complete the sentences.



- 1. <u>Irregular verbs</u> in Simple Past take/don't take -ed e.g. I see \Rightarrow I.....



Write the verbs in Past Simple.

Task 51 - p.140



Verb	Past Simple
become	
begin	
drink	
drive	
eat	
get	
give	
go	
have	
hit	

Verb	Past Simple
meet	
run	
say	
see	
send	
sit	
sleep	
swim	
tell	
think	
write	

7	Write questions. Then ask a friend and write short answers.
**	e. g. tell stories/to teddies/when/younger Did you tell stories to your teddies when you were younger? No, I didn't.
	1. buy /a book/ last week
	2. do/ homework/this morning
	3. send/an e-mail/to keypal/last week
	4. see/best friend/yesterday
8	Read the sentences (1-5) and use the words in bold to make sentences about the past.
\overrightarrow{x}	e. g. I get up at seven o'clock every morning. YESTERDAY Yesterday I got up at eight o'clock.
	We usually have milk for breakfast. DIDN'T Wethis morning.
	2. My dad always drives me to school every morning. ON FOOT This morning I
	3. My mum usually cooks vegetables on Mondays. LAST MONDAY My mum didn't
	4. It usually takes me two hours to do my homework. ONE It to do my homework yesterday.
	5. There aren't any clouds in the sky now. TWO HOURS AGO
A STATE OF THE STA	Use past Sim
Wha	There
9	Choose one day of the week and keep notes on what you do on that day. Read your notes the following day and write an
र के के	e-mail to your friend about what you did yesterday.
	Dear
	Yesterday
	/esterday

.....